

CONTEXT: LEARNING AND PLANNING WITH A FIXED DATA SET

▲ Expensive data acquisition procedure due to: ① risky interaction with the environment, ② humans or living beings in the loop, ③ time consuming tasks, ④ costly experimental setups.

- Exploit pre-collected static data sets but... → A dangerous distributional shift (*data distribution* ≠ environment distribution)
- Epistemic uncertainty penalized Markov Decision Process
 → plan to not perform actions that lead to experiences:

 ① too different from the data distribution
 ② for subjet shows on a stable to correctly and ist the outcome.

(2) for which we are not able to correctly predict the outcomes

PLANNERS AND LEARNERS

OFFLINE LEARNING: MODEL FREE



Model Based Planners infer a MDP model from samples and then plan in it

Model Free Learners estimate the MDP Value function or policies directly from the batch

Hybrid approaches 1 infer a generative model,
2 use it to generate new data,
3 apply a model-free paradigm on the data augmented data set

Main source of error: evaluation of an approximation of the *Q*-value for Out Of Distribution Actions (no data \rightarrow bad fit) leads to an accumulation of error [1]



Figure from Kumar A.,
https://bair.berkeley.edu/blog/2019/12/05/bear/

IDEA: penalize Q-Learning by policy constrain [1, 2] ($\pi_{\mathcal{B}}$ generating the batch): $E_{(s,a,r,s')\sim\mathcal{B}}\left[\sum_{a\sim\pi(\cdot|s)} [Q(s,a)] - \alpha D(\pi(\cdot|s),\pi_{\mathcal{B}}(\cdot|s))\right]$

OFFLINE LEARNING: MODEL BASED

FUTURE PERSPECTIVES

Main source of error: uncertainty in the estimate of the transition function \hat{T} \rightarrow model error accumulated during planning

• **IDEA 1:** create an MDP with a great penalized absorbing state if the confidence in the estimate is above a given threshold [4]

• **IDEA 2:** penalize the reward function \leftarrow estimate of the model error [3]

$$\tilde{R}(s,a) = R(s,a) - V_{max} \frac{\gamma}{1-\gamma} D\left[T(\cdot|s,a), \hat{T}(\cdot|s,a)\right]$$



NEED FOR:

- Better estimates of the distributional shift:
 Robust and Low Variance Importance Sampling estimators
- (2) Better distribution learner:

Generative Adversarial Network

generate new samples from a distribution similar to the one of the batch.
no need to specify a prior.

Better offline learning for planning paradigms
 Always penalizing = too much?

References

[1] Kumar et al. *Stabilizing off-policy q-learning via bootstrapping error reduction*. In Advances in NIPS, 2019
[2] Wu et al. *Behavior regularized offline reinforcement learning*. ArXiv preprint, 2019
[3] Yu et al. *Mopo: Model-based offline policy optimization*, ArXiv preprint, 2020
[4] Kidambi et al. *MOReL : Model-Based Offline Reinforcement Learning*, ArXiv preprint, 2020

